

Louisville Evening Express.

OLD SERIES--VOL. XXV.

LOUISVILLE, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 9, 1869.

NEW SERIES--VOL. I, NO. 122

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

By Western Union Telegraph Lines for Sept. 9, 9 A. M.

CITIES.	WIND.	TEMP.	WEATHER.
Louisville	W	72	Clear.
Nashville	W	68	Clear.
St. Louis	W	68	Clear.
Cincinnati	W	68	Clear.
Chicago	W	67	Clear.
St. Paul	W	67	Clear.
St. Petersburg	W	67	Clear.
Houston	W	67	Clear.
Philadelphia	W	67	Clear.
Washington	W	67	Clear.
San Francisco	W	67	Clear.
Portland	W	67	Clear.
San Antonio	W	67	Clear.
San Diego	W	67	Clear.
San Jose	W	67	Clear.
San Francisco	W	67	Clear.
San Antonio	W	67	Clear.
San Diego	W	67	Clear.
San Jose	W	67	Clear.
San Francisco	W	67	Clear.
San Antonio	W	67	Clear.
San Diego	W	67	Clear.
San Jose	W	67	Clear.

THE CITY.

Terms of the Express.

The Express is delivered to subscribers at fifteen cents per week, or seventy-five cents per month, payable to the carriers.

THE INVESTIGATION COMMITTEE.

Mr. Geo. W. Morris, from the investigating committee appointed by the Board of Trade on the "freight controversy" of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, informed the members of the Board of Trade today that on account of the sickness of Mr. Porter, the chairman, they were unable to present their report. On motion the committee is continued until Monday, when the report will be made.

"Love Among the Roses."

At Will. S. Hays' music store.

Drowned.

Henry Hart, Esq., an old citizen of New Orleans, was drowned at Grand Isle a few days ago.

Surrendered.

This morning Ed. Cochran, colored, and Jos. Stiek, out on bail, were surrendered by their sureties, and being re-arrested were committed to jail by the sheriff, to await trial for larceny.

The "Tycoon" Appears in the City Court.

Emmett Price, charged with the killing of Ed. Taylor at the hall last Saturday night, was brought before the City Court for trial this morning. Case continued.

Personal.

Hon. J. Proctor Knott, M. C. from the Lebanon district, is at the Willard Hotel.

We note the arrival of our genial friend Col. Dick Wintersmith, who has been in Washington for the past several months.

Wherever he goes there is wit, sunshine and pleasure.

Hon. Harrison Thompson, of Mascout county, is in the city.

The Homicide Yesterday.

An affidavit was made this morning in the U. S. Clerk's office by Charles Sweeney, upon which a warrant was issued for the arrest of W. W. Taylor, who killed Moses Gray yesterday. The case being in the hands of the State authorities, process of the warrant was stayed, as there was no legal power to take the case from the State courts.

Game of Cricket.

Next Monday the cricket club of Indianapolis will play in this city a match game with the Kentucky club. Four games have already been played between these two clubs, and the Kentucky club came off victors only once. They will have to exert themselves if they are not beaten four times out of five, as the Indianapolis boys are splendid players.

President Grant.

We assure the President and the public generally that Walker's Tonic Bitters has nothing to do with the election of railroad Presidents or any other President, but that they have everything to do with the present generation's health, and that—

In every sick there is life, there's health; The body's strength, the mind's true wealth; They raise up and sustain the weak; Pain, rheumatism, and the like, they break; And give fresh force, as all observe, To every man, every nerve.

Sin-Substitution.

Michael Finley, a blacksmith, was taken last night to Superintendent Shadburne's office. He is a hard drinker—had been laboring under an attack of delirium tremens, and while in this condition had horribly mutilated himself with a knife. Superintendent Shadburne ordered him to be taken to the city hospital, where he received immediate attention, and it is possible his life may be saved.

Lunatic.

Officers White and Macdonald this morning arrested a German woman named Anna Wolford, about 49 years old. She was running at large, and created fears of injuring any with whom she might come in contact. She lived by herself, in the alley between Market and Main, Preston and Jackson streets, has formerly been a fortune-teller, and is today constantly talking about some prize she has drawn. Her case will come up to-morrow on a writ de lunatico inquirendo.

Railroad Accident.

Last Sunday night an Englishman, whose name was said to be John James Paul Igoo, was run over by the cars on the north division of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago railroad beyond San Pierre. He was first missed from the train on arrival at that station. Hand-car being sent back, he was found still alive but fatally injured. His left leg was cut off, shoulder broken and a terrible gash cut in the neck. He died in a short time. He had fallen from the front platform of the smoking-car while partially intoxicated.

Kentucky River Improvement.

The ordinance submitting to the people a city subscription to the Kentucky River Improvement was adopted last Thursday night in the Common Council, and will come up this evening in the Board of Aldermen. The single question of an unfailing and continuous supply of coal to this city, which will be the inevitable result of the improvement in consideration, will be enough in itself to justify a much larger subscription than is asked.

Louisville, at the present time, consumes six million bushels of coal per year. This, at fourteen cents, calls for cash from the pockets for the benefit of Pittsburgh, to the tune of eight hundred and forty thousand dollars. At a fair calculation the Kentucky river coal can be delivered at the city wharf, for at least three cents per bushel less money, which equals one hundred and eighty thousand dollars per year—the amount saved constantly increasing with the growth of the city—and this ultimate is based on the payment of eleven cents per bushel. It is most likely that coal can be delivered for ten cents.

Many other considerations call for this subscription, but they will suggest themselves to all who will study the question. As to the price at which Louisville can buy this coal, read the following estimate made by an engineer of great experience: Expense of running per bushel. 2c Incidental expenses for tracks, lights and fuel. 1c Delivering in barges at low river. 1c Unloading. 1c Towing to the Kentucky River Improvement Company, per bushel. 1c Towing barges to and from Louisville, per bushel. 1c Depreciation in value of barges, ropes, etc., per bushel. 1c Royalty to owner of land. 1c Total cost per bushel. 9 1/2c

Wm. Hall, alias "Poker Bill."

It has been already stated that this notorious thief, arrested in St. Louis for the robbery of Governor Meriwether, has arrived in the city in charge of Officer J. M. Booker. He is about twenty-five years old, and makes his home in Chicago, where his wife lives. He was on his way to the train for Chicago when captured. He is very keen and daring, and is said to have served part of a term in the Missouri penitentiary. It seems that he is also wanted in Cincinnati, where he committed a theft several months ago. Some time ago, in New Orleans, he cheated a countryman out of three or four hundred dollars in currency by exchanging with him for it a lot of counterfeit gold coin.

Policemen say he cannot venture to the son in any city except Chicago, as there he commits no robberies, but merely sends on the proceeds of his distant operations to his wife, and by this precaution very little, if anything, can be found on him, should he be arrested. When the St. Louis officers captured him he was putting his trunk into a baggage wagon. He told them his wife would not go back on him, meaning no doubt that she had the means, and would use it to procure his release. He was taken before Justices Matlack and Clement yesterday, and his case continued to the 15th inst. Gov. Meriwether went before the grand jury yesterday, and it is probable that Hall will be indicted.

Monument to Hon. L. W. Powell.

The committee appointed by Governor Stevenson, to enter into contract with marble-cutters, in order to have a suitable testimonial erected over the remains of Honorable L. W. Powell, in the Henderson cemetery, have already been approached by several marble firms, who are desirous of executing the work. The State appropriates one thousand five hundred dollars, and it is contemplated by the committee, consisting of Messrs. Barret, McCuin and Glass, to collect subscriptions to the amount of three thousand five hundred dollars—making five thousand dollars, with which to have built a creditable monument to mark the resting place of this great, good and beloved statesman. The work will be finished in the spring of 1870.

Louisville Opera House.

The house was pretty well filled last night to witness the third representation of Rosedale. Each presentation improves on its predecessor, as artists become acquainted with each other's peculiarities and familiar with the points of the play. As this drama will be withdrawn after tomorrow evening, all who desire to witness it should go to-night, or secure seats for tomorrow night. For Saturday night Maebeth will be put on. This sterling old tragedy will give play-goers a better idea of the performers, their methods of study, capacities for reading Shakespeare, abilities for interpreting, &c., than could be gathered from any new drama; and we are very much mistaken if they do not prove artists in truth. Go to-night and see Rosedale.

New Albany and Louisville.

The connection between "these two points, now about an hour and a half apart, will, in a few weeks—say three months, at the outside—be within half an hour. The Jeffersonville Railroad Company is said to be manufacturing quite a number of elegant cars to run between State street, New Albany, and Fourteenth street, Louisville, crossing the river on the railroad bridge, as soon as it is completed.

Continued.

The case of W. W. Taylor, charged with the killing of Moses Gray, a colored man, was continued in the City Court until Saturday.

THE CHRISTIAN WOODS TRAGEDY.

The Leader of the Murderers Caught.

Between six and seven o'clock last evening Officer Seay returned from Lost Island, where he had been hunting for some of the gang reported to have done the shooting Saturday night. It is now pretty certain that the four negroes who did all the shooting were Emmet Price and a son of his, with two others named Israel and Vandyke. Officer Seay, getting on the trail of Vandyke, chased him as far as Strawberry Station, on the Nashville railroad, but lost sight of him, after having fired several shots after him. Returning to the island, Seay found Emmet Price concealed behind a pile of charcoal. He arrested him and brought him to town, along with the musket, which it is said he used, and which was found in his house.

Price is a man about fifty years old, but does not look to be more than forty; is not more than five feet six inches in height, weighs about 140 pounds, has a keen, sparkling eye, with a cunning yet daredevil expression; seems to be exceedingly active—quick in his movements, and of a wiry frame. He is said to be the leader of the gang called "The Nines," by whom he is styled "Tycoon," and over whom he is said to wield the authority of a despot. He is a charcoal burner, and seemed very anxious this morning to get out on bail, that he may, as he says, go back to his work. He says there is nobody to attend to his business but a boy, and every day he loses considerable money out of his pocket.

Ed. Taylor, the young negro who died yesterday morning, is said to have stated that Price was the man who shot him, and there have been found several witnesses who will testify to that effect. So far as is now known, Price and the other three negroes were not at the ball Saturday night as participants, but knowing that it was to be given in compliment to Taylor and some of his fellow barbers of the city, he and his gang broke down the door and began the work of shooting, being themselves in the dark and having their victims in the light.

Coroner Moore will hold an inquest at 7 o'clock to-night on the body of Taylor, by which time it is believed much emphatic testimony will have been procured. P. S. Since the above was put in type, reports are on the street to the following effect: That Price is not the man who shot Taylor; that the musket found in his house has no appearance of having been used for the last three months, and that the killing was done with a double-barreled shotgun, in the hands of the negro Israel. Israel has not yet been captured, though the police are on the hunt.

GLOVER'S RISK.

Grand Opening—Shooting Carnival.

During a great part of the summer the skating rink opened by Mr. W. E. Glover, in his magnificent building on Seventh street, between Walnut and Chestnut, was the resort of hundreds, who enjoyed themselves in the exhilarating exercise of skating. Mr. Glover has, for some weeks past been remodeling the house, and will have it ready to reopen on Saturday. He has built a gallery on two sides and at the east end. This gallery will have one row of seats, and behind them plenty of room for promenades. The end gallery has a stand prepared for the musicians, the floor has been relaid with beech timber, is as level and smooth as any sheet of ice, and will present a glorious sight Saturday evening. The skating-floor measures 165 feet by 40, with accommodation at the sides for about 600 spectators. The rink will be reopened to the public Saturday night, and will no doubt be crowded with a gay and happy throng. The ticket office will be open that day from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

ST. LOUIS AIR LINE.

President Bradley, of the New Albany and St. Louis Air Line Railroad, returned yesterday to New Albany from his recent trip to Mr. Carmel, Ill. He says that the citizens of the latter town, and all along the route, are very earnest in laboring to push forward the work. An election has been ordered in Wabash county, Ill., looking to a county subscription of \$100,000 to the enterprise. Mr. Bell, President of the company organized to build the road through Illinois, will be in New Albany a few days on business of the road. The joint committee of our own Council will present a report to-night to the Council, looking towards a subscription of \$300,000.

Another Railroad Accident.

While a freight train, bound south, on the Memphis and Louisville railroad, was waiting near Milan, yesterday morning, another freight train following ran into it, smashing several cars and badly injuring the locomotive. No one was hurt. The passenger train south was detained several hours.

The New Orleans Express Train Did Not Arrive on Time.

The New Orleans express train did not arrive on time this morning, on account of the accident, and the cars on the Jeffersonville and Short-Line roads did not wait, as there was no prospect that the New Orleans train would arrive very soon. No additional particulars have been received as yet.

TOWN TOPICS.

Chinaware.

Mr. Dollinger, of Market street, has one of the finest and best assorted stocks of chinaware in the city. Beside a fine assortment of goods, he is a clever gentleman. Give him a call, Market street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Murder in Harrison.

Some time since Win. Burnett, a workman at Howard's distillery, married a young lady who lived with the family of Mr. George Nichols, a tenant of H. Nesbitt, of Harrison. Burnett and Nichols quarreled about the money he should pay for the wedding feast, and on Tuesday last the difficulty culminated in B. shooting N., killing him instantly. The murderer immediately fled in the direction of Southwestern Virginia, from whence he came about a year ago.—Paris Citizen.

Facts for the People.

To the Editor of the Evening Express:

A fulsome eulogist of H. D. Newcomb wrote: "Louisville is greater and more prosperous for his having lived in it." With him, to undertake it is to succeed. Every enterprise to which he has directed his energies has been triumphant.

Certainly this gentleman has amassed a million, and probably by legal means. He "directed his energies" to secure the ownership of the Cannellon Mills, and obtained control, but his associates, the original stockholders, had the misfortune to lose their investments.

He "directed his energies" to building the Galt House—singularly enough he located it above the business of the town, probably to remove visitors from the noisy haunts of trade to a quiet spot. The fact of his owning considerable property in that neighborhood could not be supposed to influence such a public-spirited citizen.

In his earnest efforts to advance the interests of Louisville, he purchased over the bricks from Indiana, imported a plasterer from Cincinnati to do the work on contract, and a fresco painter to do the decorations. These, even, were made abroad. Necessarily, probably, compelled the employment of day laborers and other workmen from Louisville.

The "enterprise" was so "triumphant" that the Western Financial Bank, to get rid of it, sold it at a loss of four hundred thousand dollars.

If the management had been left exclusively to Mr. Newcomb, perhaps, eventually, he would have owned it, as he does Cannellon.

Mr. Newcomb, with his other glaring official mismanagement, actually transferred the painters from the car-works to finish up the Galt House painting, when the painters there refused to work for some cause. What right had he to do this, more than to send them to any private house? We all remember how he used the Nashville road to pass people to and from the Galt House ball. Would he have perverted his official power to pass the guests for a ball at any other hotel?

Now, there are some people who look with suspicion on Mr. Newcomb's intentions. Everything inure to him uniformly to his individual benefit. And the mismanagement of the Nashville road in his hands might surround and hem it in with financial difficulties. Mr. Newcomb's boasts of his intimacy with A. T. Stewart are proud of the wealthy or influential man's acquaintance exactly in gradation to his wealth or influence. It would be an easy matter for A. T. Stewart and other associates to combine with H. D. Newcomb to own the Nashville railroad, if it should not be possible for the poor stockholders' money suffer, but it would not be their misfortune. Such things have been done before, and none know so well how to do them as the New York ring with which Mr. Newcomb associates. We do not wish them to make a mistake in Kentucky when they make schemes or their corruption. A moneyed aristocracy will not suit this locality, and the workings of Louisville should protect against the action of any representative who misrepresents the true city interests.

Let us not forget the ring. They will "smoke" in the future, those who about "Grant is Newcomb, for he is 'LOUISVILLE'S' prophet." ANTI-ARISTOCRAT.

LOUISVILLE CITY COURT.

HON. E. S. CRAIG, JUDGE.

TUESDAY, September 9.

Geo. Dermody and Geo. Davis, stealing cigars from Dr. Sutton, and the rules against the parents of these boys were tried, by permission and consent, at the same time. It appears they were caught stealing the cigars, so no question was made about the rule. The boys, still with despair stamped upon their corrugated brow, he tried to prove that every body was certainly mistaken, and the boy was a noble youth; but the court held that the case was fully made out, and held him in bonds of \$500 for twelve months.

St. W. Taylor, killing Moses Gray; continued, on motion of defendant, until Saturday.

Jesse Goens, Gregory Haley, David Black, Thompson Jackson, John Dugan and S. Keller, drunk and disorderly; each fined \$5 and bond in \$100 thirty days.

Ellen Ronalds, disorderly conduct; fined \$3.

Barney Mann and Matt. Neely, drunk and disorderly; fined \$15, bond in \$300 for thirty days.

Richard Smith, carrying concealed weapons; suspended and sent to grand jury.

George Nahn, assault and battery on Bernard Wibbles, suspended to await the action of the grand jury.

Valentine Montgomery, stealing a pistol from Thomas Eichenbach, was continuing.

George Burke, obtaining money from Eliza Rielly, on false pretenses, was continuing, and bond of three hundred dollars.

Emmet Price, charged with killing the negro Taylor in Christmas woods, appeared, case continued and prisoner remanded.

Seizure of the Etowah Iron Works.

The Augusta, Georgia, Constitutionalists, learn that the Etowah iron works, in Georgia, better known as Cooper's iron works, have been recently taken by the United States Government, as the property of the Confederate States, at the instance of the commissioner at Washington, under the twelfth section of the act of 1866, and the amendatory acts of Congress. The Etowah property comprises some fifteen thousand acres of land.

Queen of Love and Beauty Crowned.

The Milton (N. C.) Chronicle gives the following interesting paragraph. It will tell in a nutshell the world of non-titling "cavalry," with "horse and lance and ring," and various other conclusions: "The negroes of Russellville and vicinity indulged in a colored tournament a few days since. A Queen of Love and Beauty was crowned. She wore a crown and a long train of gold and silver, and her under lip weighed two pounds and a half—light weight."

Killed by Lightning.

Near Waukegan, Minnesota, about two weeks ago, a couple of young men were out in a harvest field, when a heavy thunder-storm approached, and they started toward the barn, one of them carrying a pitchfork on his shoulder. As the lightning flashed most vividly, his companion asked him to put the fork down, as it was dangerous to carry it. He replied that "God Almighty wouldn't strike him," and just as the words were uttered he was struck dead, the stroke mangle him in a horrible manner. The fork tines were melted, and his boots were torn from his feet.

A MAGNIFICENT HOTEL.

The Maxwell House, Nashville, Tenn.

The want of a first-class hotel at Nashville has long been felt by her own citizens and the traveling public. That want has at last been supplied, and in a manner that reflects great credit on its projector, Col. John Overton.

The Maxwell House is a most magnificent structure, and, in regard to beautiful appearance and imposing dimensions, is surpassed by no hotel, if equaled by any in the southwest. The Maxwell House is situated on the north-east corner of Cherry and Church streets, and runs back to a spacious alley, which divides it from the public thoroughfares, and within convenient distance of the numerous churches, places of amusement, and public buildings, and being easily accessible from the various railroads and turnpikes running into the city, it possesses advantages equalled by no other locality as a hotel site in Nashville.

Since the location of the hotel its vicinity has become the center of the retail trade. In dimensions the building fronts 180 feet on Cherry street, 170 feet on Church and covers 30,000 square feet of ground. The style of architecture is chiefly Corinthian, and the general effect imposing in the extreme.

The main entrance tower rises eight massive Corinthian columns, while immediately above, the second and third stories are each set off by ten columns of lesser proportions but similar design. The windows looking upon both streets are ornamented with Corinthian cornices.

The ladies' entrance leads from Church-street through an imposing archway, fancifully decorated. The grand corridor or promenade, fifty by ninety-five feet, extending entirely around the rotunda, is supported by two elegant Corinthian columns, with octagonal base and elaborate entablature of cast-iron in flowers and other designs. The columns are finished in imitation of marble, and so well has the work been done, that any but the most practical eye would be deceived in the composition.

The floor of the corridor is laid with tiles of Belgian slate and Italian marble. The walls and ceilings are splendidly frescoed in the Persian and Moresque styles, embracing the variegated hues of the rainbow.

The dining-hall is forty-five by one hundred and ten feet, being five feet longer than that of the Galt House. The entire number of bedrooms amount to two hundred and four. Six hundred windows give light from the outer-world. Fully nine thousand yards have been required to carpet the floors of this immense structure.

An immense ventilator, or air purifier, connects with pipes which permeate the entire structure and expel all foul air. The hotel is six stories high in front and seven in the rear, including the basement.

The construction of the immense concern has long been the cherished desire of Colonel Overton, its projector.

Col. Overton is one of Nashville's most liberal and enterprising citizens, and with this magnificent structure, the pride and boast of Nashville, his name will ever be inseparably connected. The Maxwell House has been leased and will be conducted by M. Keen & Co., of the Louisville Hotel.

Mr. Keen, the senior member of the firm, has been proprietor of the Louisville Hotel for twenty-five years, and was also, during the war, proprietor of the Newhall House, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, one of the largest establishments of the kind in the Northwest. His reputation as a landlord is national, and the hotel interest of Nashville could not possibly be better managed.

Phil. Judge, Esq., is also a member of the firm.

The opening day has been fixed for Wednesday, the 15th instant. Many of the apartments have been already engaged, and applications are steadily increasing. Many of the citizens of Nashville have determined to give up house-keeping and board at "the Maxwell," so well pleased are they with its commodious arrangements and general appearance of comfort.

A grand ball will be given on Wednesday, the 15th inst. We congratulate our sister city upon its great acquisition.

ONE GOOD SAMARITAN IN CHICAGO.

A Young Girl Saved from Probable Ruin.

From the Chicago Post.

On Saturday, a young girl, only fifteen years old, by mistake landed at Smith's office in the Tribune building, in answer to an advertisement in the morning Tribune for girls to learn a trade, for whom board would be provided without expense. A good Samaritan questioned her, and found out that she had run away from her father in Rock Island, and in his advertisement, wanted to answer it. Her new friend informed her that the city was no place for her, and made some revelations to her of the ways in which girls like herself were liable to be led astray and ruined. With tears, the girl showed her innocence, and by the kindness of the Superintendent of the Rock Island road, she was provided with a pass, which, with the check for her trunk, the conductor was instructed to keep, and to land her safely at Rock Island her home.

This girl may be a good Providence, and the first man she met was a friend, and if this article shall fall under the notice of any young girls who propose to come to the city without any definite object, but hoping to get honorable employment and selves, it may save them from shame and ruin. This particular advertisement may have been honestly intended, but many similar notices are simply intended to lead girls into dens of prostitution.

A NEGRO TOURNAMENT.

Queen of Love and Beauty Crowned.

The Milton (N. C.) Chronicle gives the following interesting paragraph. It will tell in a nutshell the world of non-titling "cavalry," with "horse and lance and ring," and various other conclusions: "The negroes of Russellville and vicinity indulged in a colored tournament a few days since. A Queen of Love and Beauty was crowned. She wore a crown and a long train of gold and silver, and her under lip weighed two pounds and a half—light weight."

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PUBLISHED BY THE
EXPRESS PRINTING COMPANY.
—OFFICE—
No. 112 JEFFERSON STREET.

TERMS.
One copy, one year, by mail, \$5.00
One copy, six months, by mail, 4.50
One copy, three months, by mail, 3.25
One copy, one month, by mail, 75
PAYABLE ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.
Delivered in the city, 15 cents per week,
payable to the carrier. To News Agents, 2
cents per copy.

LOUISVILLE.
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1899.

The Freedom of Cuba.

Time drags heavily with the downtrodden people of Cuba. The patriots have stood up for long and weary months against the tyrannical rule of Spain. A word from the Government of the United States would long since have made Cuba as free as any island in the seas. But the United States have chosen to not utter that word. Our simple recognition of them as belligerents would, ere this, have severed Cuba from Spain forever. And upon the administration at Washington may rest much of the blood that has been needlessly shed in the long, protracted war of Cubans against Spaniards.

While we have thus refused even to recognize the Cubans as belligerents, the Government of Peru has proclaimed Cuba free and independent. And it will not be long before the rest of the South American republics will follow Peru in the recognition of Cuba as a separate nationality. Of course, Mexico would follow such a move, and Cuba would thus stand free in the eyes of all South America, except Brazil. Why the United States should stand with Brazil in thus withholding rights to which the Cubans have shown themselves entitled, it may be hard to understand. Still, the fact seems to be as stated.

We are informed, however, that negotiations are now going on between the Cubans, the Spaniards and ourselves, for the independence of the island. It is proposed by our Government that Spain shall admit the Cubans as the Cubans without conditions, and that the Cubans shall pay Spain an annual million of dollars for Spanish property in the island, and that the Cubans shall declare the freedom of all their slaves. This being done, the United States offers to become the surety of Cuba for the payment of the hundred millions of dollars. Such are the terms, the Atlantic cable tells us, that are proposed by our country to Spain.

Spain, on the other hand, has some terms of her own. She wants the Cubans as a condition precedent to negotiations, to lay down their arms. Then she wants Cuba to undertake to pay her portion of the public debt, as well as for the property of Spain in the island. And then she wants a free election, in which the Cubans shall determine by a vote whether they want to separate from Spain and set up as an independent people. And on top of all this Spain requires the guaranty of the United States that the debt thus to be assumed by the Cubans will be paid as agreed.

There is a wide difference between the contracting, or rather, negotiating, parties, and yet there may be no differences that calm and astute negotiations may not reach. The negotiations having been once opened and entered into by Spain, indicates that they may end well for Cuba, even if both sides after the propositions submitted. We think our government very badly represented by Gen. Sickles, in this matter, and yet we have hopes that good will come out of the negotiations, even in bad hands. If we had a great and good Minister at Madrid, there would be no doubt of a proper adjustment of the affair.

It is almost certain that if Spain does not take the hundred millions and admit the independence of Cuba that she will have to submit to the fact without a dollar. It does not seem probable that Spain can ever subdue the Cubans. Spain is bankrupt, and can neither raise the money nor the money to carry on war in Cuba. The Cubans seem determined to fight the battle, and if they are determined to go on they can hold out long enough to compel Spain to acknowledge their independence without paying an hundred millions therefor.

We rather suspect, however, that our own Government prefers being connected with the affair as security for the Cubans for the hundred millions. As guarantors of such a debt, we might get some hold upon the island that would in due time annex it to the United States as a part of our already opulent and extended territory. And to this we have no objection whatever. We think Cuba would, by its geographical position, be quite an important addition to our domain—far more important than the frozen regions of Alaska. Indeed, if we could at any time pay the hundred millions and take Cuba into ourselves, we do not think the money would be ill spent. It is likely, however, that if we had long ago recognized the Cubans as belligerents, they would have been a free people, and we supply to us for annexation without the cost of an hundred millions. In any event, however, we do not think the future is very far distant when Cuba will be ours, and even if it shall cost us one hundred millions we can't say that it may not be worth the money. It is a rich and well located island, whose real value to this country would be difficult of estimation.

A LETTER from Cheyenne states that after twenty ballots had been thrown in the Wyoming Democratic Territorial Convention for delegate to Congress, the difficulty was settled by taking the names of the principal candidates, putting them in a hat, and shaking them up. The first one drawn was declared to be the choice of the convention.

Death of Senator Fessenden.

We regret that Senator Fessenden is dead. He was one of the few honest and reputable men in the Republican party. And although he lacked the nerve to oppose many of the monstrous measures of his party, it may be said to his credit that he endeavored to tone them down, that he might do as little harm as possible. His votes were often recorded with his party, but against his own judgment; but in the latter part of his Senatorial career he acted with the Conservatives, and took decided grounds against the Jacobin propositions of his party. It is said that Senator Fessenden's fatal illness was attributed in a great measure to the effects of poison received into his system at the National Hotel poisoning in 1857. Mr. Fessenden being one of the sufferers by that mysterious affair.

J. E. Wilder, Esq.

"Louisville" prints another slanderous communication as an "advertisement" in the Courier-Journal this morning; and the professor to do this work only for "the public good." We repeat, that he wrote an article (or more likely it was written for him) in which his praise of a certain dignitary was so fulsome that it was sickening and disgusting; he has slandered, and maliciously slandered, J. B. Wilder, than whom Louisville has no more reputable citizen—and all this he does for the public good, and pays a big price for the privilege! Out upon such hypocrisy and dishonesty. But these are covert attacks, instigated by interested parties, and they will recoil upon their wicked promoters.

Under the head of "By 1900 A. D.—What?" a writer in the current number of Appleton's Journal undertakes to forecast the future social and industrial condition of the United States. He predicts (1) that there will be no great war during the next thirty years; (2) that there will be an enormous increase of the wealth of the country; (3) that this wealth will be far more unequally distributed than it is now—that the rich will become very much richer, while the numbers of the wage-receiving class will be largely added to. In other words, instead of a population mainly composed of the middle-class, as is the case now, we shall have a very rich class and a great laboring, though not poor, class, in short, that the middle-class, so-called, will be greatly reduced in number as compared with the rest of the population. Assuming this state of affairs to exist, the writer inclines to believe that the close of the century will witness great industrial disturbances, unless the very rich recognize their social duties towards the rest of the community; in other words, that their wealth shall not be used for selfish purposes, but for the public weal. These speculations as to the future would be interesting and profitable if there were any means of verifying them; and, if it is true that the movements of society are subject to laws as invariable as those which control the planets, why, of course the time must come when that prime test of all science—prediction—will be true of them.

Private letters from Buenos Ayres explain the sensational story which appeared in certain New York papers about two weeks ago, to the effect that General McMahon had been "attacked" at the Brazilian outpost on his way home from the camp of Lopez. There was no attack, but the allies (with the exception of the Brazilian General Polidoro) treated our Minister with marked discourtesy, and kept the carts containing his baggage standing for three hours in five feet of water. The Argentine papers went so far as to urge their government to search his baggage before he was allowed to leave the country. This extraordinary behavior—the more extraordinary as General McMahon had just saved the lives of a number of allied prisoners whom Lopez was about to execute—seems to have been inspired by a suspicion that the American Minister was bringing away treasure belonging to the Paraguayan President. He had a quantity of money with him, but it was the property of British subjects, which he had consented to transmit to England.

The Cincinnati Commercial has a correspondent at Washington who has been forecasting the next United States Senate. He thinks it probable that the trade-unions and anti-protectionists will get control of the Massachusetts Legislature and elect Colonel Greney, Democrat, to the Senate in place of Wilson, that neither Anthony nor Cragin will be re-elected, that Sidney Clarke is likely to come from Kansas in place of Ross; that Logan has the best chance to succeed Yates; that Judge Moses, of the State Supreme Court, will succeed Robertson, of South Carolina, and that Jesse D. Bright is the coming man from Kentucky.

The Scandinavians in Wisconsin have had three conventions, in which they have passed resolutions demanding of the Republicans a place for one of their number on the State ticket. The convention has just adjourned, and ignored the claims of the Scandinavians completely. The vote of that nationality in the State is estimated at twenty thousand, and the Democrats, who hold their convention next Wednesday, are going for it.

The carpet-bag thieves are falling out in Georgia, so there is a hope of honest men getting their dues. The State Treasurer has been used for swindling, at the instance of the carpet-bagger, Governor Bullock. The Treasurer, in return charges the Governor with stealing. Of course they both tell the truth.

The New York Tribune things "Senator Gwynn ought to emigrate to Kentucky, as Jesse D. Bright has done." All right, send him on. The Kentucky Democracy take care of good Democrats. We will send Bright back to the United States Senate, and Gwynn also if he will come.

English traders are alarmed because China grows as good opium as India. Another war is necessary.

An irate Californian, in shaking off his allegiance to Radicalism, dubs Senator Stewart "the bull-driving statesman." A mention of that rotten-borough Senator which brings to mind the circumstance that he has been foremost, ever since his insertion in the Senate, in the concoction of the nauseous amendments to the Constitution that have been from time to time put forth by the Radicals as props to their waning power. "Bull-driving" statesmanship is a good name for such a policy of brute force.

Judge Chase has written a letter saying that he will not be a candidate for the Presidency, and desires that his name may be dissociated in men's minds with all political action.

CITY ITEMS.

China, Glass and Queensware. The largest assortment of the above articles can be found, at reduced prices, at J. DOLINGER'S China Store, 36 Market, bet. Third and Fourth.

For New Orleans. The Robert E. Lee will leave Memphis on Monday, the 14th inst., for New Orleans. All passengers desiring safety and speed can make easy connection by Louisville and Memphis cars.

Neuralgia, Neuralgia—Cure at Last—Warwick's Neuralgia Pills. For the cure of all neuralgic pains, such as in the head, face, teeth, neck, chest and heart. Every box warranted to give perfect relief. Sold by all retail druggists. Peter, Powers & Cooper, wholesale agents, Main street, Louisville, Ky. Price \$5.00 per box.

References in Louisville, by permission—S. S. Bush, attorney at law, Jefferson street, No. 14; General Whitaker, attorney at law, Court street, No. 4; Professor J. W. Rust, editor of the Western Baptist Recorder; I. W. Edwards, attorney at law, Jefferson street, 202; Wm. Middleton, New York store, Fourth street, W. B. engraved to order. Issued by the telegraph office, Main street; Captain N. Seal, of the steamer Leocora. aug26ed2w

Pretty Women. A comparatively few ladies monopolize the beauty as well as the attention of society. This ought not to be so, but it is, and will be while men are foolish and single out pretty faces for companions.

This can all be changed by using Hagen's Magnolia Balm, which gives the bloom of youth and a refined, sparkling beauty to the complexion, pleasing, powerful and natural. No lady need complain of a red, tanned, freckled or rusty complexion who will invest seventy-five cents in Hagen's Magnolia Balm. Its effects are truly wonderful.

To preserve and dress the hair, use Lyon's Kathlamint. aug10ed1m

Copper-Plate Printing and Engraving. Wedding and Visiting Cards, Monograms, etc., engraved to order. Issued by STANLEY'S Press. Visiting Cards printed from plate. A large assortment of the best French and American note paper always on hand at FRANK MADDER'S, Jefferson street, bet. Third and Fourth, Louisville, Ky. aug26ed1w

High-Lawn Seminary. The organization of this institution includes: A School of History and Belles Lettres. A School of Moral Philosophy. A School of Natural Sciences. A School of Mathematics. A School of the Latin Language. A School of the French Language. It is also contemplated to organize a School of Art.

Pupils will receive certificates of graduation in each of these schools whenever they complete the prescribed course of study in that school. Graduates of the first five schools will receive the full diploma of the institution. See advertisement.

Call and examine NEW STYLES at Hastings & Lewis'. aug10ed1m

GREEN GROVE, ALA., Aug. 10, 1899. W. H. Walker, Esq.: My son, of the firm of Owen & Co., has suffered for the last two years with dyspepsia, constipation and general debility. A few months since he commenced using your Tonic Bitters, and they have regulated his system, cured his dyspepsia, and his general health is improving fast. He joins me in recommending them to the public for their great medicinal qualities. Yours, etc., THOS. JAMAR.

You can buy any kind of outfit here just received, at Hastings & Lewis'. aug10ed1m

You can only buy a young girl's FALL STYLES at Hastings & Lewis'. aug10ed1m

Royal purple velvet finish hat at \$1.50. aug10ed1m

"CURAN" silk hat at Hastings & Lewis'. 100 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth, for \$2. aug10ed1m

Shoemaker & Danman. Every description of mattresses made and repaired; also, furniture of all kinds repaired, by SHOEMAKER & DANMAN, at No. 115 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth, Louisville, Ky. aug10ed1m

Photographic goods. The best and cheapest place in the city to buy picture frames, albums, artists' materials, stereoscopic pictures, photographic outfits, and everything in that line of business is at T. J. Merrill's & Bro., No. 209 Main street. aug10ed1m

Hastings & Lewis are the FIRST in THE MARKET with all style silk hats, of their own manufacture. THEY ARE HEADLINES. aug10ed1m

ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF CARPETS. Just received, a full line of carpets, consisting of the following: Velvet, English Body and Tapestry, Brussels, 3-ply Ingrains, Venetian Hemp, rag and flax, cane, cocoa and China matting and mats. Also, a fine line of floor and table cloth, window shades, lace and Nottingham lace curtains, all of which will be sold very low for cash.

C. KETCHUM, No. 72 Main street, between Second and Third. aug12w

Go to Hastings & Lewis' 100 Main street, for the best goods at the lowest prices. aug10ed1m

Something Handsome. Go to J. P. Griffin & Sons new store, corner Third and Market streets. Mr. J. P. Griffin has just returned from the East, where he has purchased, with more than his usual good taste, all the latest novelties in the way of fancy piece goods, as well as the finest, cheapest and most complete stock of men's and boys' furnishings goods ever brought to this market. If you want a new suit in a suit of clothes they can give it to you. aug10ed1m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A Regular Habit of Body. It is absolutely essential to physical health and cleanliness of intellect. For this reason, beauty of person cannot co-exist with an unnatural condition of the bowels. A free passage of the refuse matter of the system through these natural waste pipes is as necessary to the purity of the body as the free passage of the blood through its arteries is necessary to the health of its inhabitants.

Indigestion is the primary cause of most of the diseases of the discharging organs, and one of its most common results is constipation. It is a source of trouble and danger, and is a source of the most disagreeable and dangerous ailments, such as an unpleasant breath, a hollow skin, contaminated blood and bile, hemorrhoids, headache, loss of memory and general debility.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS remove all these evils by removing their immediate cause in the digestive organs, and regulating the action of the intestines. The combination of properties in this celebrated preparation is one of its chief merits. It is not merely a stimulant, or a tonic, or an antispasmodic, or a nerve, or a blood purifier, or a cathartic, but all these curative elements judiciously blended in one powerful restorative. It cleanses the system, relieves the liver and enervated stomach, relieves the alimentary canal of its obstructions, and gives tone to the inactive system. It is a gently stimulating the liver, braces the nerves, and cheers the animal spirits. No other remedy possesses such a variety of hygienic virtues. It is to these characteristics that it owes its prestige as a household medicine. Experience has proved that it is as harmless as it is efficacious, and hence it was popular with the croaker sex as with the strongest.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is sold in bottles only, and the trade-mark shown in the glass and engraved on the label, with our steel-engraved revenue stamp over the cork, is the test of genuineness. Beware of counterfeits.

MANITOWOC. And the Vigor of Youth restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. Dr. RICHARD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE restores manly power from whatever cause arising; the effects of early perverted habits, self-abuse, impotency and climatic give way to this wonderful medicine, if taken regularly according to the directions (which are very simple and easy to follow) it will give you a new lease of life. Failure is impossible. Sold in bottles at \$3.00, or four quantities in one for \$8.00. To be had only of the sole appointed agent, at America, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 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DAILY EXPRESS.

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LOUISVILLE.
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1893.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

NEW YORK.

The Mutiny on the Frigate Sabine.
The First Reports of the Affair Mainly True.
The Sabine on her way to New York.
FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE SCRANTON DISASTER.
Result of the Explorations.

Assistance Offered to the Miners' Families.

New York, September 9.
A Scranton special says late explorations of the mine have developed a smaller phase of the tragedy. Many chambers have been entered and the miners found in them dead, the breasts of nine showing they had been stricken down by poisonous gas without a warning while they were at work. Road men, roof men, door men and others, the four lead in different gangways, showing that the destruction must have come swift and sudden. The spirit evoked by the miners to-day has been bitter in the extreme and could not be assuaged by offers of assistance and sympathy which flowed in from every side. Asa Packer has telegraphed that he offers \$2,500 to the bereaved. Gov. Geary offers \$5,000. The railroad company make all the exertions possible and the wishes of the miners are consulted in every respect, but they remain obstinate. The more reasonable are ready to listen to reason, but they are in the minority. Many are refractory and vicious. Trouble is apprehended, and has been avoided only by consummate tact. Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.

New York, September 9.
From information received here by the Sun, it is certain that the Sabine is ordered home on account of conspiracy to mutiny among the crew. Three witnesses, sent by another vessel to avoid being tampered with, have arrived in Boston. She was on a fancy cruise, with a graduating class of midshipmen, some sixty odd in number. Her commander is Captain Walker, nephew of Senator Grimes. Boris and Porter sent her out to please Grimes, though the midshipmen and men were very much wanted in the West India squadron, where vessels are without sufficient crews. None but sailors engaged in the conspiracy.

The trial will take place at Brooklyn after the Sabine arrives.
The mutiny, as first reported by the Associated press, is nearly all true. Some of the crew, to revenge themselves on their officers, attempted to set fire to the powder magazine and blow up the ship. They had succeeded so far as to light a fuse communicating with the magazine, when the plot was frustrated by a cabin-boy, who discovered the burning fuse. It was found that twenty-two sailors were implicated in the plot, and they were put in irons.

Information received here from Denmark is the effect that the ratification of the St. Thomas treaty by the United States Senate is fully expected by Denmark on the ground heretofore taken—namely, that the United States had agreed the sale of the island against the wishes of Denmark, and the islanders having voted to go, our Government can not recede with honor. This position is vigorously maintained by Rindloff.

THE PACIFIC.

FRAUDS IN THE RECENT ELECTIONS.

Koopmanshoop and his Chinese Coming.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 9.
The recount of votes in the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards show discrepancies in all of them.
Koopmanshoop left here to-day for a tour of the Southern cities, with the object of arranging for the Chinese immigration to the cotton plantations via this port. The Commissioners of the Pacific railroad met to-day at Sacramento. General Wallbridge was elected President and General Comstock Vice President of the road.

THE DOMINION.

Assembling of the Canadian Medical Association.

Toronto, September 8.
The Canadian Medical Association met in convention to-day. A large number of delegates from all parts of the Dominion, and also from the American Association, were present.
The following gentlemen not residing in the Dominion, were elected as honorary members:
Dr. H. T. Davis, of Chicago, Illinois; Joseph K. Barnes, Surgeon, U. S. A.; Samuel D. Gross, of Philadelphia; Chas. A. Lee, of Buffalo, New York.

Horse-racing to Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, September 9.
The horse Henry won the one hundred dollar race yesterday, and J. J. Bradley and Confidence won each two heats in the two thousand dollar race. The storm prevented the fifth heat.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Ninety Dead Bodies Discovered in the Scranton Mines.

Eighty-two Bodies Brought to the Surface.

The Doctors of Scranton Refuse to Attend the Explorers of the Mine.

Dr. Ricard, of Plymouth, Volunteers his Services.

SCRANTON, Pa., September 9.
Ninety bodies have been found, eighty-two of which have been brought to the surface. A doctor was called for to attend the men who explored the mine, but none present volunteered, and Dr. Ricard, of Plymouth, came from Plymouth to perform the duty of resuscitating miners if more foul air is encountered.
The coroner's testimony on Saturday afternoon. Heaps of coal, left in the chute, have been lighted, and are blazing in a long line, extending from the railroad up the hill. Great outbreaks of grief occur among the women in the nearest miners' houses. The air in the mine is so bad that parties can stay but a few moments.

MASSACHUSETTS.

FEARFUL STORM AT BOSTON.

Considerable Damage to Property.

Cuban Filibusters Gathering at Providence.

Worcester, September 8.
Several men are reported as leaving Cuba to embark on a vessel at Providence. They received five hundred dollars each.
Boston, September 8.
A fearful storm of wind and rain burst upon this city and vicinity late this afternoon, prostrating telegraph wires, chimneys and causing other damage. The steeple of the Hanover-street church was blown off. The coliseum was blown off and scattered, and several unfinished buildings were leveled. No loss of life reported yet.

The Mississippi Valley Convention.

Knox, September 9.
The report of the committee shows the annexed statement exhibits the estimated cost of completing the improvements already begun:
Rapids of the Mississippi, estimates by Gen. J. H. Wilson:
Des Moines Rapids, \$1,479,647.
Rock Island Rapids, \$800,601.
Upper Mississippi, estimate by Gen. G. K. Warren, \$334,465.
Mouth of the Mississippi, estimate by Gen. McAllister, \$375,000.
Removal of snags and wrecks, and dredging, \$1,000,000.
Ohio river—Falls of the Ohio, estimates by Gen. Godfrey Weitzel. Extension of old canal, \$335,500. New canal, Indiana shore, \$3,470,000. Two dams, \$225,000. Total, \$1,628,500.
Above the falls, W. Milner Roberts estimates \$173,000.
Below the falls, W. Milner Roberts estimates \$173,000.
Grand total, \$2,467,213.

Tobacco Smugglers Arrested.

WASHINGTON, September 9.
Four Captains of vessels at Richmond were arrested and held for trial yesterday, for having tobacco on board on which the revenue tax had not been paid.

THE REVENUE.

Fines for August from the Collector's Office.

BEER STAMPS PURCHASED.	
J. A. Baker & Co.	200
Heinrich & Sons	210
Leopold Wolf	220
St. Louis & Co.	230
A. Templeton & Co.	240
Frank L. Hirsch	250
St. Louis & Co.	260
A. Doh & Sons	270
J. H. Hirsch	280
St. Louis & Co.	290
St. Louis & Co.	300
St. Louis & Co.	310
St. Louis & Co.	320
St. Louis & Co.	330
St. Louis & Co.	340
St. Louis & Co.	350
St. Louis & Co.	360
St. Louis & Co.	370
St. Louis & Co.	380
St. Louis & Co.	390
St. Louis & Co.	400
St. Louis & Co.	410
St. Louis & Co.	420
St. Louis & Co.	430
St. Louis & Co.	440
St. Louis & Co.	450
St. Louis & Co.	460
St. Louis & Co.	470
St. Louis & Co.	480
St. Louis & Co.	490
St. Louis & Co.	500
St. Louis & Co.	510
St. Louis & Co.	520
St. Louis & Co.	530
St. Louis & Co.	540
St. Louis & Co.	550
St. Louis & Co.	560
St. Louis & Co.	570
St. Louis & Co.	580
St. Louis & Co.	590
St. Louis & Co.	600
St. Louis & Co.	610
St. Louis & Co.	620
St. Louis & Co.	630
St. Louis & Co.	640
St. Louis & Co.	650
St. Louis & Co.	660
St. Louis & Co.	670
St. Louis & Co.	680
St. Louis & Co.	690
St. Louis & Co.	700
St. Louis & Co.	710
St. Louis & Co.	720
St. Louis & Co.	730
St. Louis & Co.	740
St. Louis & Co.	750
St. Louis & Co.	760
St. Louis & Co.	770
St. Louis & Co.	780
St. Louis & Co.	790
St. Louis & Co.	800
St. Louis & Co.	810
St. Louis & Co.	820
St. Louis & Co.	830
St. Louis & Co.	840
St. Louis & Co.	850
St. Louis & Co.	860
St. Louis & Co.	870
St. Louis & Co.	880
St. Louis & Co.	890
St. Louis & Co.	900
St. Louis & Co.	910
St. Louis & Co.	920
St. Louis & Co.	930
St. Louis & Co.	940
St. Louis & Co.	950
St. Louis & Co.	960
St. Louis & Co.	970
St. Louis & Co.	980
St. Louis & Co.	990
St. Louis & Co.	1000

Tobacco Stamps Purchased.

Karlberg & Co.	1,225
A. O. Bannan & Co.	812
Taylor & Porter	3,290
St. Louis & Co.	10,527
A. L. & G. Robinson & Co.	3,297
Robinson & Coleman	10,573
St. Louis & Co.	3,298
Edward Holbrook	24,024
John Finer & Sons	5,754
CHIEF MANUFACTURERS WHO PURCHASED \$100 IN STAMPS.	
G. Albrecht & Co.	37
Frederick	105
William Wagner	140
Conrad Kirsch	140
M. Snyder	140
H. Beckman & Co.	100
C. Roberts	120
T. S. Siler	140
H. Leopold & Co.	347
H. Knabenschuh	165
TOTAL COLLECTIONS IN AUGUST.	
Distilled spirits	57,190
Tobacco	71,748
Permitted liquors	4,577
Grass receipts	5,293
Sales	5,113
Special taxes	2,213
Income	5,018
Leases	322
Gas	1,824
Carriages, watches, plate, etc.	139
Sanitary	1,527
Penalties	3,750
Total	\$192,715

Security of Cotton.

The Ranken Knitting Company, of Troy, New York, held a meeting on Friday, and resolved to shut down their mill at Colchester forthwith, on account of the security of cotton. The Sandlake mills, New York, have already stopped from the same cause, and it is said that most if not all the cotton mills in the vicinity will likewise suspend.

On Wednesday of last week, a little daughter of Mr. L. A. Ayers, of Belleville, Wisconsin, barely escaped being torn to pieces by a vicious bear.

She was playing in the street when the bear attacked her, knocking her down and goring her horribly about the head with his tusks. A gentleman happened that way just in time to save the little girl from a horrible death.

Miss Adelia Griffin demands \$50,000 from Mr. William Van Stork, of Pittston, Pennsylvania, for breach of promise. Van Stork is old and a widower, but he is represented to be Adelia's last chance, and hence his value.

Only fifteen dollars for a divorce in Chicago, and yet some men go to State prison for wife-murder.

Some one at Buffalo is going to fly across Niagara falls. He is now building the wings.

MONEY AND COMMERCIAL.

Office of the Louisville Express, Thursday, September 9, 1893.

Local financial affairs are in a quiet condition. Currency is not abundant, but in sufficient supply to meet the requirements of legitimate business, and prime commercial paper passes without delay at from 9 to 12 per cent.
Exchange—Offerings are fully up to the demand, and rates are unchanged, ranging from 1-20 discount buying, to 1-10 premium selling.
Gold—The premium has had a downward tendency to-day, opening in New York at 155, and at 12 1/2 it had declined to 153, with a corresponding decline in this market.

The movement in general merchandise is upon a large scale, as shown by the immense quantities of freight going forward and received by the various lines of railroads, and by the river. So far, the estimate of the fall trade has been fully realized.

Flour—Is unchanged in every respect, with a fair local and shipping demand.

Wheat—Is coming forward liberally, and prices on arrival range from \$1 1/4 to 1 1/2 for the various grades of red and white.

Corn—Is firm and car and shelled in bulk command on arrival from 30a35c, with sales at \$1 per bushel from store.

Oats—Are in good request and firm. Rye—Is steady at about 90c on arrival.

Grain—Have undergone no quotable change, and we note a fair demand for sugar and coffee, at full prices.

Refrigerators—Are very firm, with an upward tendency. Stocks are being reduced, and dealers find it difficult to respond promptly, and orders are accumulating.

Provisions—A good demand for bacon and lard is reported, and prices are steady. Mess pork is quiet, with light sales on order, with a decline in prices. Sales are made at \$33 25a35 50.

Whisky—Demand good. Lard—Tobacco—Is in active demand and full prices are obtained for all grades. The sales to-day amount to 107 hhd with rejection of bids on two hhd.

The Picket house sold 27 hhd at \$7 10 for lugs to 17 25 for manufacturing leaf.

The Farmers' household sold \$10 25 for manufacturing leaf to 13 for Hart county leaf.

The Boone house sold 27 hhd at \$7 30 for lugs to 15 50 for Breckinridge county leaf.

The Louisville house sold 25 hhd at \$2 90 for sweepings to 20 for manufacturing leaf.

The Planters' house sold 6 hhd at \$1 75 for factory sweepings to 12 for bright lugs.

The Ninth-street house sold 16 hhd at \$8 10 for lugs to 13 75 for shipping leaf.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, September 9—12 M.
Gold—Quiet and unchanged; good middling 35c.

Flour—Quiet but steady. The demand is fair and prices are firm. Coffee is quiet but steady.

Wheat—Is quiet but steady. Corn is quiet but steady. Oats are quiet but steady.

Whisky—Quiet but steady. Petroleum—Is unchanged at 67c.

Provisions—Mess pork is dull and nominal. Lard is quiet but steady.

Hops—Are steady at 10c; receipts of 2,600 hhd.

CATTLE—Steady and demand fair.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, September 9—M.
Cotton—Is quiet but steady; middling 37 1/2a 38 1/2.

Flour—Is irregular; superfine 55 75; XX and XXX 52 1/2.

Grain—Corn is firm; mixed 61 50; white 61 10a 61 20. Oats are firm 60.

Hay—Firm at 20c. Rice—Good to choice at 18c. Sugar is unchanged; common 10c; refined 11c. Molasses is unchanged; tobacco 62c.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, September 9—12 M.
Flour—Baker's—Wholesale (regular and dull); No. 2, 30c; No. 2 1/2, 30c; No. 3, 29c; No. 4, 28c; No. 5, 27c; No. 6, 26c; No. 7, 25c; No. 8, 24c; No. 9, 23c; No. 10, 22c; No. 11, 21c; No. 12, 20c; No. 13, 19c; No. 14, 18c; No. 15, 17c; No. 16, 16c; No. 17, 15c; No. 18, 14c; No. 19, 13c; No. 20, 12c; No. 21, 11c; No. 22, 10c; No. 23, 9c; No. 24, 8c; No. 25, 7c; No. 26, 6c; No. 27, 5c; No. 28, 4c; No. 29, 3c; No. 30, 2c; No. 31, 1c; No. 32, 0c; No. 33, 0c; No. 34, 0c; No. 35, 0c; No. 36, 0c; No. 37, 0c; No. 38, 0c; No. 39, 0c; No. 40, 0c; No. 41, 0c; No. 42, 0c; No. 43, 0c; No. 44, 0c; No. 45, 0c; No. 46, 0c; No. 47, 0c; No. 48, 0c; No. 49, 0c; No. 50, 0c; No. 51, 0c; No. 52, 0c; No. 53, 0c; No. 54, 0c; No. 55, 0c; No. 56, 0c; No. 57, 0c; No. 58, 0c; No. 59, 0c; No. 60, 0c; No. 61, 0c; No. 62, 0c; No. 63, 0c; No. 64, 0c; No. 65, 0c; No. 66, 0c; No. 67, 0c; No. 68, 0c; No. 69, 0c; No. 70, 0c; No. 71, 0c; No. 72, 0c; No. 73, 0c; No. 74, 0c; No. 75, 0c; No. 76, 0c; No. 77, 0c; No. 78, 0c; No. 79, 0c; No. 80, 0c; No. 81, 0c; No. 82, 0c; No. 83, 0c; No. 84, 0c; No. 85, 0c; No. 86, 0c; No. 87, 0c; No. 88, 0c; No. 89, 0c; No. 90, 0c; No. 91, 0c; No. 92, 0c; No. 93, 0c; No. 94, 0c; No. 95, 0c; No. 96, 0c; No. 97, 0c; No. 98, 0c; No. 99, 0c; No. 100, 0c; No. 101, 0c; No. 102, 0c; No. 103, 0c; No. 104, 0c; No. 105, 0c; No. 106, 0c; No. 107, 0c; No. 108, 0c; No. 109, 0c; No. 110, 0c; No. 111, 0c; No. 112, 0c; No. 113, 0c; No. 114, 0c; No. 115, 0c; No. 116, 0c; No. 117, 0c; No. 118, 0c; No. 119, 0c; No. 120, 0c; No. 121, 0c; No. 122, 0c; No. 123, 0c; No. 124, 0c; No. 125, 0c; No. 126, 0c; No. 127, 0c; No. 128, 0c; No. 129, 0c; No. 130, 0c; No. 131, 0c; No. 132, 0c; No. 133, 0c; No. 134, 0c; No. 135, 0c; No. 136, 0c; No. 137, 0c; No. 138, 0c; No. 139, 0c; No. 140, 0c; No. 141, 0c; No. 142, 0c; No. 143, 0c; No. 144, 0c; No. 145, 0c; No. 146, 0c; No. 147, 0c; No. 148, 0c; No. 149, 0c; No. 150, 0c; No. 151, 0c; No. 152, 0c; No. 153, 0c; No. 154, 0c; No. 155, 0c; No. 156, 0c; No. 157, 0c; No. 158, 0c; No. 159, 0c; No. 160, 0c; No. 161, 0c; No. 162, 0c; No. 163, 0c; No. 164, 0c; No. 165, 0c; No. 166, 0c; No. 167, 0c; No. 168, 0c; No. 169, 0c; No. 170, 0c; No. 171, 0c; No. 172, 0c; No. 173, 0c; No. 174, 0c; No. 175, 0c; No. 176, 0c; No. 177, 0c; No. 178, 0c; No. 179, 0c; No. 180, 0c; No. 181, 0c; No. 182, 0c; No. 183, 0c; No. 184, 0c; No. 185, 0c; No. 186, 0c; No. 187, 0c; No. 188, 0c; No. 189, 0c; No. 190, 0c; No. 191, 0c; No. 192, 0c; No. 193, 0c; No. 194, 0c; No. 195, 0c; No. 196, 0c; No. 197, 0c; No. 198, 0c; No. 199, 0c; No. 200, 0c; No. 201, 0c; No. 202, 0c; No. 203, 0c; No. 204, 0c; No. 205, 0c; No. 206, 0c; No. 207, 0c; No. 208, 0c; No. 209, 0c; No. 210, 0c; No. 211, 0c; No. 212, 0c; No. 213, 0c; No. 214, 0c; No. 215, 0c; No. 216, 0c; No. 217, 0c; No. 218, 0c; No. 219, 0c; No. 220, 0c; No. 221, 0c; No. 222, 0c; No. 223, 0c; No. 224, 0c; No. 225, 0c; No. 226, 0c; No. 227, 0c; No. 228, 0c; No. 229, 0c; No. 230, 0c; No. 231, 0c; No. 232, 0c; No. 233, 0c; No. 234, 0c; No. 235, 0c; No. 236, 0c; No. 237, 0c; No. 238, 0c; No. 239, 0c; No. 240, 0c; No. 241, 0c; No. 242, 0c; No. 243, 0c; No. 244, 0c; No. 245, 0c; No. 246, 0c; No. 247, 0c; No. 248, 0c; No. 249, 0c; No. 250, 0c; No. 251, 0c; No. 252, 0c; No. 253, 0c; No. 254, 0c; No. 255, 0c; No. 256, 0c; No. 257, 0c; No. 258, 0c; No. 259, 0c; No. 260, 0c; No. 261, 0c; No. 262, 0c; No. 263, 0c; No. 264, 0c; No. 265, 0c; No. 266, 0c; No. 267, 0c; No. 268, 0c; No. 269, 0c; No. 270, 0c; No. 271, 0c; No. 272, 0c; No. 273, 0c; No. 274, 0c; No. 275, 0c; No. 276, 0c; No. 277, 0c; No. 278, 0c; No. 279, 0c; No. 280, 0c; No. 281, 0c; No. 282, 0c; No. 283, 0c; No. 284, 0c; No. 285, 0c; No. 286, 0c; No. 287, 0c; No. 288, 0c; No. 289, 0c; No. 290, 0c; No. 291, 0c; No. 292, 0c; No. 293, 0c; No. 294, 0c; No. 295, 0c; No. 296, 0c; No. 297, 0c; No. 298, 0c; No. 299, 0c; No. 300, 0c; No. 301, 0c; No. 302, 0c; No. 303, 0c; No. 304, 0c; No. 305, 0c; No. 306, 0c; No. 307, 0c; No. 308, 0c; No. 309, 0c; No. 310, 0c; No. 311, 0c; No. 312, 0c; No. 313, 0c; No. 314, 0c; No. 315, 0c; No. 316, 0c; No. 317, 0c; No. 318, 0c; No. 319, 0c; No. 320, 0c; No. 321, 0c; No. 322, 0c; No. 323, 0c; No. 324, 0c; No. 325, 0c; No. 326, 0c; No. 327, 0c; No. 328, 0c; No. 329, 0c; No. 330, 0c; No. 331, 0c; No. 332, 0c; No. 333, 0c; No. 334, 0c; No. 335, 0c; No. 336, 0c; No. 337, 0c; No. 338, 0c; No. 339, 0c; No. 340, 0c; No. 341, 0c; No. 342, 0c; No. 343, 0c; No. 344, 0c; No. 345, 0c; No. 346, 0c; No. 347, 0c; No. 348, 0c; No. 349, 0c; No. 350, 0c; No. 351, 0c; No. 352, 0c; No. 353, 0c; No. 354, 0c; No. 355, 0c; No. 356, 0c; No. 357, 0c; No. 358, 0c; No. 359, 0c; No. 360, 0c; No. 361, 0c; No. 362, 0c; No. 363, 0c; No. 36